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MONSANTO COMPANY
800 N. LINDBERGH BLVD.
ATTENTION: GAIL P. WUELLNER, IP PARALEGAL, (E2NA)
ST. LOUIS, MO 63167

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AUG 08 2007

OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of Kovalic et al. :
Application No. 10/767,701 : Decision Granting Petition
Filing Date: January 29, 2004 : Under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) and (a)(6)
Attorney Docket No. 16517.311 :
:

This is a decision on the petitions under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6), filed May 25, 2007, to accept an unintentionally delayed claim under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and 119(e) for the benefit of priority to the prior-filed applications set forth in the concurrently filed amendment.

The petitions are **GRANTED**.

A petition for acceptance of a claim for late priority under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6) is only applicable to those applications filed on or after November 29, 2000. Further, the petition is appropriate only after the expiration of the period specified in 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and 1.78(a)(5)(ii). In addition, the petition under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6) must be accompanied by:

- (1) the reference required by 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and 119(e) and 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(2)(i) and 1.78(a)(5)(i) of the prior-filed application, unless previously submitted;
- (2) the surcharge set forth in § 1.17(t); and
- (3) a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and 1.78(a)(5)(ii) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. The Director may require additional where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional.

Additionally, the instant nonprovisional application must be pending at the time of filing of the reference to the prior-filed provisional application(s) as required by 37 CFR 1.78(a)(5)(ii). Further, the nonprovisional application(s) claiming the benefit of the prior-filed provisional application(s) must have been filed within twelve months of the filing date of the prior-filed provisional application(s).

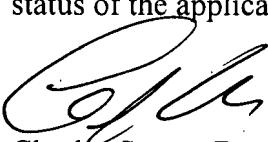
All of the above requirements having been satisfied, the late claim for benefit of priority to the prior-filed applications under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and 119(e) is accepted as being unintentionally delayed.

The granting of the petition to accept the delayed benefit claim to the prior-filed applications under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6) should not be construed as meaning that this application is entitled to the benefit of the filing date of the prior-filed applications. In order for this application to be entitled to the benefit of the prior-filed applications, all other requirements under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and 1.78(a)(1) and (a)(2) and under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) and 37 CFR 1.78(a)(4) and (a)(5) must be met. Similarly, the fact that the corrected Filing Receipt accompanying this decision on petition includes the prior-filed applications should not be construed as meaning that applicant is entitled to the claim for benefit of priority to the prior-filed applications noted thereon. Accordingly, the examiner will, in due course, consider the benefit claims and determine whether the application is entitled to the benefit of an earlier filing date.

A corrected Filing Receipt, which includes the priority claim to the prior-filed applications, accompanies this decision on petition.

The application is being forwarded to Technology Center Art Unit 1631 for consideration by the examiner of the claim benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. § 120 to the prior-filed applications and the claim under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) for the benefit of priority to the prior-filed provisional applications. The examiner will also consider the Request under 37 CFR 1.48 filed May 25, 2007.

Any inquiries concerning this decision may be directed to Senior Petitions Attorney Steven Brantley at (571) 272-3203. All other inquiries concerning either the examination procedures or status of the application should be directed to the Technology Center.



Charles Steven Brantley
Senior Petitions Attorney
Office of Petitions

ATTACHMENT: Corrected Filing Receipt



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APPL NO.	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	ART UNIT	FIL FEE REC'D	ATTY.DOCKET NO	TOT CLMS	IND CLMS
10/767,701	01/29/2004	1631	900	38-21(53535)B	3	3

CONFIRMATION NO. 6459

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 MONSANTO COMPANY
 800 N. LINDBERGH BLVD.
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 ST. LOUIS, MO 63167

CORRECTED FILING RECEIPT



OC000000025235740

Date Mailed: 08/07/2007

Receipt is acknowledged of this nonprovisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please write to the Office of Initial Patent Examination's Filing Receipt Corrections. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections (if appropriate).

Applicant(s)

David K. Kovalic, University City, MO;
 Yihua Zhou, Ballwin, MO;
 Yongwei Cao, Chesterfield, MO;

Power of Attorney:

Joel Freed--25101	Thomas McBride--32706
Gary Bond--29283	Grace Bonner--32963
Thomas Kelley--29938	Donna Scherer--34719
Lawrence Lavin--30768	Felissa Cagan--35089
Dennis Hoerner Jr--30914	Thomas Omholt--37052

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CIP of 09/684,016 10/10/2000
 and is a CIP of 09/850,147 05/08/2001 ABN
 which claims benefit of 60/202,213 05/08/2000
 and said 09/684,016 10/10/2000
 is a CIP of 09/654,617 09/05/2000 ABN

Foreign Applications

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 04/29/2004

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris

Convention, is **US10/767,701**

Projected Publication Date: Not Applicable

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

Title

RECOMBINANT POLYPEPTIDES ASSOCIATED WITH PLANTS

Preliminary Class

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PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at <http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html>.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, <http://www.stopfakes.gov>. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

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Title 35, United States Code, Section 184
Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15**

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NOT GRANTED

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